CHLOROPHYSIS has certain properties and characteristics in common with cellulose that have been detected in groundwater. Chlorophysis is highly soluble in water and has low adsorption to soil.

For untreated applications of chlorella, leaching and runoff may occur if there is heavy rainfall during 72 hours following the application.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

This product may be extremely sensitive to minor conditions. DO NOT USE WATER to clean equipment. Flush equipment with kerosene or fuel oil. Do not use salt water cleaning equipment or containers made from magnesium, aluminum, or light metals.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR APPLICATION RIGS AND SYSTEMS: Cold water and saline water are to be used in the water circuit during the application.

This product is a non-ionic surfactant.

DIAGNOSTIC FOR USE

There is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply the product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application of this product. All requirements specified by your State or Tribe, Consult the agency responsible for pesticide registration.

APPROVAL USE REQUIREMENTS

This product may be used only in accordance with the labeling and with the Wisconsin Water Protection, 40 CFR 170. This standard contains the requirements for the protection of agricultural workers in forests, farms, orchards, and gardens, and generally the protection of agricultural polices. If it contains specific information and exceptions pertaining to the statements in this labeling about personal protective equipment, restricted-entry measures, and restriction of use. These statements only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Water Protection Standard (WPS).

No instructions elsewhere on this labeling refers users from complying with the requirements of the WPS.

For all restricted sector and institution requirements, see the "Entry Resticted Period and Identification Section of this labeling" and "Media." Equipment use is prohibited by this labeling in all the Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals section of this labeling.

ENTRY RESTRICTED PERIOD AND NOTIFICATION

Entry restricted only during the following time periods: a) any person or person other than a properly trained pesticide handler who is performing a handling task listed on this labeling, at any time, including hours of rest. Periods of rest may be divided into up to 10 hours apart but not interrupted for at least 14 days following application. Note: Any person resting, reoccupying, or reentering the field must be referred to as limited entry or controlled entry. Periods of rest during which the pesticide is not applied may not be interrupted for at least 14 days after application or for at least 48 hours after application, whichever is longer.

NOTE: See Tarp Portation and/or Removal section on this labeling for requirements about when a crop is allowed to be harvested.

NOTIFICATION: Notify workers of the danger by calling them orally and by posting FungiSafe Treated Area signs (the fungicide treated area). Exception: A person or persons who are not exposed to the direct supervision of the pesticide handler. See the "Labeling Period and Notification" section of the WPS for the WPS period for this product by following all WPS periods for location, logistics, size, and timing of moving and removing. Follow the FungiSafe Treated Area signs at all entrances to the application block (e.g., the greenhouse or field) or at a field blocked with a fence in any 24-hour period.

GENERAL INFORMATION

This product is a highly hazardous material and must be handled with care only by certified applicators or persons who are under the direct supervision of a certified applicator.

Before using, read and follow all label precautions and instructions. Read all label precautions and instructions, including all labels on the WPS.

All persons working with this fungicide must be trained in the hazards, use of required respiratory equipment and detector equipment, emergency procedures, and proper use of the fungicide.

HANDLERS

The following activities are prohibited from being performed in the application block(s) or the greenhouse or field of a treated field with a fungicide: the application of fungicide to another person or plant or plant part; moving or handling the treated plant material; and moving or handling the plant material to be treated by the fungicide, and the movement of any equipment, tools, or supplies by use with the requirements in the Wisconsin Water Protection (WPS) labeling and application unit by the restricted entry measures. Note: Persons involved in operating, maintaining, and monitoring the application equipment are excluded from these restrictions. These activities include any person who is involved in operating, maintaining, and monitoring the application equipment. This includes operating, maintaining, and monitoring the application equipment or any part of the equipment, including the application tank or any part of the equipment.

NOTE: See Tarp Portation and/or Removal section on this labeling for requirements about when the crop is allowed to be harvested.

Performing any handling tasks as defined by the Wisconsin Water Protection (WPS).

SUPERVISION OF HANDLERS

For all applications except as noted from the start of the application until the fungicide has been applied, or when the crop is stopped being treated and sprayed into the soil, i.e., after the soil is seeded, the certified applicator must be at the fungicide application site in the line of sight of the application and must immediately supervise all persons performing handling activities.

For water-based applications (e.g., with the integrated pest management), the certified applicator must be at the application site in the line of sight of the application and must immediately supervise all persons performing handling activities. The employer must ensure that the site that must have at least 2 hours of visual inspection of the equipment to determine if the chemical is properly functioning and if the use is properly supervised. The employer must ensure that the crop has been adequately treated and the water-based application to the field is being properly supervised by the certified applicator and to be in contact with the certified applicator at all times during monitoring activities by probing, sampling, monitoring, or visually inspecting the field.

The results of monitoring activities must be the responsibility of the FungiSafe Management Plan overview and the certified applicator.

Communication activities must be conducted in the WPS.

NOTE: This equipment does not overlap the requirements in the Wisconsin Water Protection Standard for Agricultural Pesticides for interagency exchanges between owners/operators of agricultural establishments and contractors controlled operation.

The certified applicator must provide FungiSafe Handling information to each handler involved in the application or confirm that each handler participating in the application has received FungiSafe Handling information. The certified applicator is responsible for providing FungiSafe Handling information to each handler participating in the application. The certified applicator must provide FungiSafe Handling information to each handler participating in the application. The certified applicator must provide FungiSafe Handling information to each handler participating in the application. The certified applicator must provide FungiSafe Handling information to each handler participating in the application. The certified applicator must provide FungiSafe Handling information to each handler participating in the application. The certified applicator must provide FungiSafe Handling information to each handler participating in the application.

For all handling tasks at least two handlers trained under the provisions of the WPS 40 CFR 170.22 must be present.

SUGGESTIONS FOR USE

Follow manufacturer's instructions for use and handling equipment as required. For additional information, including the required-use conditions, see the Application of Procedure section. This product is a non-ionic surfactant.
IMPORTANT: A self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) is not permitted for routine handler tasks. Wear an SCBA and PPE if required in emergencies such as spills or leaks or when corrective action is needed to reduce air levels to acceptable levels.

USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:
• Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
• Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside, then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
• Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to mammals and birds. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to interstitial areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsates.

The certified applicator must provide Fumigant Safe Handling information to each handler involved in the application or confirm that each handler participating in the application has received Fumigant Safe Handling information as required in the regulations. Fumigant Safe Handling information will be provided where this product is purchased, or at http://www.epa.gov/fumiganttraining.

For all handling tasks at least two handlers trained under the provisions of the WPS 40 CFR 170.236 must be present.

EXCLUSION OF NON HANDLERS FROM APPLICATION BLOCK:

The certified applicator supervising the application and the owner/operator of the establishment where the mitigation is taking place must make sure that all persons who are not trained and PPE-equipped and who are not performing one of the handling tasks as stated in this labeling are excluded from the application block during the entry restricted period.

PROVIDING, CLEANING, AND MAINTAINING PPE:

The employer of any handler (as stated in this label) must make sure that all handlers are provided and correctly wear the required PPE. The PPE must be cleaned and maintained as required by the Worker Protection Standard for Agricultural Pesticides.

AIR-PURIFYING RESPIRATOR AVAILABILITY FOR PRE-PLANT SOIL USES:

At a minimum two handlers must have the appropriate air-purifying respirator and cartridges available and these handlers must be fit-tested, trained, and medically examined.
The employer of any handler must ensure that an air-purifying respirator and appropriate air-purifying respirators are available to allow a handler to wear one at any time when he or she is at any time when he or she is exposed to a hazardous concentration of the dust, fume, or mist. The respirator must be monitored closely for its effectiveness and changed regularly.

AVALUABILITY OF RESPIRATORS FOR EMERGENCIES

The ability of a respirator to function properly in the event of an emergency depends on the design of the respirator, the specific situation, and the user's experience. Respirators should be designed with features that allow easy佩戴 and removal in an emergency. The respirator should be tested regularly to ensure its functionality under emergency conditions.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION AND STOP WORK TRIGGERS

The following procedures must be followed to determine whether an air-purifying respirator is required and if so, for what period of time. These procedures must be followed immediately in any of the following situations:

1. At any time if any handler experiences shortness of breath or tightness of the chest.
2. If the respirator is being worn by a handler who remains in the application block for more than 30 minutes.
3. If any handler experiences shortness of breath or tightness of the chest.
4. If any handler experiences shortness of breath or tightness of the chest.

If any of the above conditions exist, the respirator must be removed immediately and the handler must be examined by a qualified health care professional to determine whether the handler requires immediate medical attention.

PPE AND OTHER PROTECTION FOR HANDLERS

PPE and other protective equipment must be provided to handlers as required under this labelling. The use of PPE and other protective equipment must be mandatory in all circumstances for handlers.

1. A respirator must be used by any handler who remains in the application block for more than 30 minutes.
2. A respirator must be used by any handler who remains in the application block for more than 30 minutes.
3. A respirator must be used by any handler who remains in the application block for more than 30 minutes.

Other protective equipment, such as protective clothing, gloves, and protective eyewear, must also be provided and used by handlers.

Mandatory Good Agricultural Practices (GAPs)

The following GAPs must be implemented to ensure the safety and health of handlers:

1. The application block must be kept clean and free from any residues or contaminants.
2. The application block must be kept clean and free from any residues or contaminants.
3. The application block must be kept clean and free from any residues or contaminants.

Fertilisers with Maximum of 14 days prior to planting.

Soil

The soil must be mixed to 9 inches below the surface. The amount of moisture needed will vary according to the soil type and the time of year, so frequent checks should be made to determine the optimal application time.

Mould

The soil must be mixed to 9 inches below the surface. The amount of moisture needed will vary according to the soil type and the time of year, so frequent checks should be made to determine the optimal application time.

Final Inspection

The final inspection should be conducted by a qualified inspector to ensure that the application has been carried out correctly and that there are no residues or contaminants left on the soil surface.

Soil Sealing

Soil sealing is an important step in the application process to ensure that the soil is properly sealed and compacted. The use of a soil sealing tractor or equipment is recommended to ensure that the soil is properly sealed.

Soil Sampling

Soil sampling is an important step in the application process to ensure that the soil is properly sampled for analysis. The soil sample should be taken from a representative area of the field and should be representative of the entire field.

Application Methodology

The application methodology should be designed to ensure that the application is carried out correctly and efficiently. The methodology should be based on the specific conditions of the field and the soil type.

Application Equipment

The application equipment should be chosen based on the specific conditions of the field and the soil type. The equipment should be selected based on its ability to achieve the desired application rate and to be able to work in the specific conditions of the field.

Weather

The weather forecast for the day of the application will be used to determine the optimal application time. The weather forecast will be monitored closely to ensure that the application is carried out under the optimal conditions.

Soil Preparation

Soil preparation is an important step in the application process to ensure that the soil is properly prepared for the application. The soil must be properly prepared before the application to ensure that the application is carried out correctly.

Soil Temperature

The soil temperature should be measured at the time of application to ensure that the application is carried out at the optimal temperature. The soil temperature should be measured using a soil thermometer.

Application

The application should be made in a single pass, avoiding overlaps or gaps. The application should be made in a single pass, avoiding overlaps or gaps. The application should be made in a single pass, avoiding overlaps or gaps.

Soil Mould

The soil mould should be mixed to a depth of 9 inches below the surface. The amount of moisture needed will vary according to the soil type and the time of year, so frequent checks should be made to determine the optimal application time.

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Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions

- Unfavorable weather conditions block upward movement of air, which results in trapping
  fumigant vapors near the ground. The resulting air mass can move off-site in unpredictable
  directions. These conditions typically exist prior to sunset and continue past sunrise and
  persist as late as noon. Unfavorable conditions are common during cloudy, overcast
  conditions and can be identified by fog or smog and also by smoke from a ground source that flattens out below a
  ceiling layer and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud.

Soil Preparation

- Soil must be properly prepared and at the surface generally be free of large clods. The area to be
  fumigated must be tilled to a depth of 5 to 8 inches.
- Field trash must be properly managed. Residues from a previous crop must be worked into the
  soil to allow for decomposition prior to fumigation. Little or no crop residue shall be present
  in the soil surface. Crop residue that is present must not interfere with the soil seal. Removing
  crop residue prior to fumigation is important to limit the natural "chimneys" that occur in the
  soil when crop residue is present. These "chimneys" allow the fumigant to escape into the
  atmosphere. This may result in non-uniform distribution of fumigant to the soil. Refer to the
  manufacturer's instructions on how to calibrate your equipment, usually the
  equipment manufacturer, fumigant dealer, or Cooperative Extension Service can provide assistance.

Metaplastin Drip Irrigation Systems: Additional Gaps

In addition to the GAPs required for all Metaplastin soil fumigation applications, the following GAPs
apply for drip irrigation applications:

Use Precautions:

- Apply Metaplastin only through drip (trickle) irrigation systems. Do not apply this product
  through spray equipment of any other type.
- Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from
  non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- If you have any questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service
  specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.
**Soil Preparation**

1. Tiller beds with known planting holes because they can lead to puddling of the furrow due to subsequent rainfall.
2. Planting materials should be free of disease, insect, and weed infestations.
3. Beds must be leveled, shaped, and ready for planting.
4. Beds must be at least 70% of net capacity in the top 3-5 inches of soil at Metapopulation application.

**Product and Dosage**

1. Planting materials should be kept dry and in the same condition as the planting season.
2. The seed should be evenly mixed in the soil to the desired depth.
3. The seed should be covered with a light mulch to prevent direct sunlight exposure.
4. The seed should be watered immediately after planting to ensure proper germination.

**Systemic and Irrigation**

1. The irrigation system should be designed to deliver the required amount of water to the plants.
2. Irrigation systems should be designed to deliver the required amount of water to the plants.
3. Irrigation systems should be designed to deliver the required amount of water to the plants.

**System Failure**

1. After application of fungicides, it is important to correct the irrigation system to prevent the disease from occurring.
2. After application of fungicides, it is important to correct the irrigation system to prevent the disease from occurring.
3. After application of fungicides, it is important to correct the irrigation system to prevent the disease from occurring.

**Site of Injection and Irrigation System Layout**

1. The field must be divided into smaller sections to ensure proper distribution of treatment.
2. The field must be divided into smaller sections to ensure proper distribution of treatment.
3. The field must be divided into smaller sections to ensure proper distribution of treatment.

**Requirements for Pre-Planting Soil Fumigation**

1. The maximum area that can be treated is 60,000 square feet.
2. All applications must be made to the proper depth.
3. Tilling the field prior to injection helps to ensure proper distribution of treatment.
4. The field must be divided into smaller sections to ensure proper distribution of treatment.

**Site-Specific Fumigation Management Plan (FAP)**

1. The FAP must be prepared by the certified applicator, the site owner/operator, the consultant, or other party.
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3. The FAP must be prepared by the certified applicator, the site owner/operator, the consultant, or other party.
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field side to be planted</th>
<th>Equivalent (Pounds)</th>
<th>Equivalent (Pounds)</th>
<th>Equivalent (Pounds)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Strawberry</td>
<td>175</td>
<td>175</td>
<td>175</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cinnamon</td>
<td>175</td>
<td>175</td>
<td>175</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eggplant</td>
<td>175</td>
<td>175</td>
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<tr>
<td>Melon</td>
<td>175</td>
<td>175</td>
<td>175</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sweet Potatoes, yams</td>
<td>175</td>
<td>175</td>
<td>175</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tobacco</td>
<td>175</td>
<td>175</td>
<td>175</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All Other Crops</td>
<td>175</td>
<td>175</td>
<td>175</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SOIL FUMIGATION**

1. Soil fumigation may be used as a preplant soil fumigant for control of many economic soilborne pests if present in soil at time of treatment.
2. Soil fumigation with this product provides control or suppression of certain nematode-cause soil-borne pests, beneficial nematodes, root-knot nematodes, and root-knot nematodes.
3. Soil fumigation with this product provides control or suppression of certain nematode-cause soil-borne pests, beneficial nematodes, root-knot nematodes, and root-knot nematodes.
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**Storage and Disposal**

1. Do not pour wastes, food, or feed into the water supply or decorative elements.
2. Storage and handling facilities should be provided.
3. Storage and handling facilities should be provided.
4. Storage and handling facilities should be provided.

**SPILL AND LEAK PROCEDURES**

1. Evacuate everyone from the immediate area immediately if a spill or leak occurs. For every initial affected area to the event, keep the personnel protective equipment specified in the Hazardous to Human and Environment Table.
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SPILL AND LEAK PROCEDURES
Evacuate everyone from the immediate area of the spill or leak. For entry into affected area to correct problem, wear the personal protective equipment specified in the Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals section of this labeling. Move leaking or damaged containers outdoors or to an isolated location. Observe strict safety precautions. Work upwind, if possible. Allow spill containing fugitive to evaporate or to absorb into vermiculite, dry sand, earth, or similar absorbent material. Dispose of contaminated material on site or at an approved disposal facility. Only correctly trained and PPE-equipped handlers are permitted to perform such cleanup. Do not permit entry into the spill or leak area by any other person until the concentration of chloropicrin is measured to be less than 0.15 ppm.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL
Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Pesticide Storage and Handling. Store upright in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Store as a pesticide storage area. Persons moving, handling, or opening containers must wear the personal protective equipment specified in the Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals section of this labeling. Open container only in a well-ventilated area. Pesticide Disposal. Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinse is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance. Return empty cylinders to their source location from which shipment was made. Close cylinder valve by turning clockwise until hand tight. Disconnect lines. Replace safety caps and bung. Return vented cylinders only after consulting manufacturer or distributor for proper shipping instructions.

WARRANTY DISCLAIMER
Solders makes no other warranties, express or implied, including but not limited to warranties of merchantability and fitness for the intended purpose. To the extent consistent with applicable laws, Soldier's liability for default, breach, or failure under this warranty shall be limited to the amount of the purchase price. To the extent consistent with applicable laws, Soldier shall have no liability for consequential damages.