Department of Pesticide Regulation

MEMORANDUM
Arnold Schwarzenegger Governor

TO: Tobi L. Jones, Ph.D., Assistant Director
Division of Registration and Health Evaluation
FROM: Bruce Johnson, Ph.D., Research Scientist III
Original signed by Environmental Monitoring Branch
(916) 324-4106

DATE: March 29, 2007

## SUBJECT: SIMULATION OF CONCENTRATIONS AND EXPOSURE ASSOCIATED WITH DOW AGROSCIENCES-PROPOSED TOWNSHIP CAPS FOR MERCED COUNTY FOR 1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE

## Summary

The Dow AgroSciences (DAS) proposed a configuration of township caps in a $5 x 5$ township area of high 1,3-dichloropropene (1,3-d) use in Merced. Four of the inner 9 townships were given 1.5X (135,375 pounds/year adjusted use) caps. The other 21 townships were lower than 1X (90,250 lbs/year adjusted use), with 12 townships at less than 0.1X ( $9025 \mathrm{lbs} /$ year adjusted use). The purpose of this current memorandum was to evaluate the DAS proposal. The DAS Soil Fumigant Exposure Assessment (SOFEA) modeling tool was utilized to estimate air concentrations associated with this proposal. The resulting air concentration distributions were then used as input to High End Exposure Version 5 Crystal Ball (HEE5CB), a WHS exposure model, to estimate exposure. Input to the SOFEA model was based on Merced-specific use from 2003-2005 and five years of meteorological data from Merced. HEE5CB was used to simulate two mobility scenarios: Low Mobility (person spends entire life within the highest township), Intermediate Mobility (person's home in highest township, but travels around throughout the other $3 x 3$ township area). For Low Mobility the lower and upper bound 95th percentile risk straddled the $1.0 \times 10^{-5}$ reference level for males and females. The upper bounds were $9 \%$ and $7 \%$ higher than the reference level, respectively. For Intermediate Mobility the upper and lower bounds were uniformly less than the $1.0 \times 10^{-5} 95$ th percentile reference level for males and females. The upper bounds were $3-4 \%$ lower than the reference level.

## Background

DAS proposed a set of township caps for the use of 1,3-d in Merced (Wesenbeeck 2005). The exposure associated with the proposal was evaluated by DAS. First they used their modeling tool, SOFEA (SOFEA - Cryer 2004, 2005; Wesenbeeck and Cryer 2004), to produce concentration distributions associated with their proposal. Then they employed a risk model, based on the concepts in the exposure assessment portion (Sanborn and Powell 1994, Appendix B of Department of Pesticide Regulation [DPR] 1997) of DPR risk assessment of 1,3-d (DPR 1997). In the intervening time, the modeling tool, SOFEA, has undergone modifications and review (Johnson 2005ab, Johnson 2006). Consequently, it is desirable to recalculate the exposures

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associated with the proposed township cap levels. A key theme to this calculation is that the computer simulation is based upon Merced-specific use and meteorological data, in contrast to other simulation work (Johnson and Powell 2005, Johnson 2006) which was based on statewide use information and combined meteorological data from Merced and Ventura.

For more extended description and explanations, this memorandum will rely on a companion memorandum (Johnson 2007), which details the analogous analysis for Ventura County. This current memorandum will include primarily the differences between the Merced analysis and the Ventura analysis. Generally, the procedures in both cases are identical. Where they differ is (1) the proposed caps (Wesenbeeck 2005), (2) the usebased crop definitions and associated distributions, and (3) the meteorological data. Thus this memorandum will describe the differences, but omit the details that can be found in the companion memorandum.

| ALDER,EUROPEAN | TV | COTTON | FC | PEACHES | TV |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALFALFA | FC | CUCUMBERS | FC | PEARS | TV |
| ALMONDS | TV | EGGPLANT | FC | PEPPERS (BELL) | SB |
| APPLES | TV | FALLOW GROUND | FC | PEPPERS, CHILE | SB |
| APRICOTS | TV | FIGS | TV | PEPPERS-NO BEL | SB |
| ARTICHOKES | FC | FLOWERS | SB | PLUMS | TV |
| ASPARAGUS | FC | GRAPES (FRESH) | TV | POTATOES | PP |
| AVOCADOS | TV | GRAPES (RAISN) | TV | PRUNES | TV |
| BASIL | FC | GRAPES (WINE) | TV | PUMPKINS | FC |
| BEANS (DRY) | FC | HONEYDEW MELON | SB | RADISHES | PP |
| BEANS (LIMA DR | FC | LEMONS | TV | RASPBERRIES | TV |
| BEDDING PLANTS | FC | LETTUCE (HEAD) | FC | RED BEETS | FC |
| BEETS (TABLE) | PP | LETTUCE (LEAF) | FC | ROSES | FC |
| BEETS (TOP) | PP | LETTUCE,ROMAIN | FC | RYEGRASS | FC |
| BITTER MELON | FC | LILY | FC | SPINACH | FC |
| BLACKBERRIES | TV | MAHALEB CHERRY | TV | SQUASH (SUMMR) | FC |
| BROCCOFLOWER | FC | MANDARIN/ORANG | TV | STRAWBERRIES | SB |
| BROCCOLI | FC | MELONS | FC | STRAWBERRY,BCH | SB |
| BRUSSELS SPRTS | SB | MUSTARD | FC | SUGAR BEETS | PP |
| CABBAGE | FC | NAPA CABBAGE | FC | SWEET POTATOES | PP |
| CANTALOUPE | FC | NECTARINES | TV | TOMATO SEEDED | FC |
| CARROTS | PP | NON CROP AREAS | PP | TOMATO TRSPLT | FC |
| CAULIFLOWER | FC | NURSERIES | FC | TOMATOES FRESH | FC |
| CELERY | FC | NURSERY STOCK | FC | TURFGRASS | FC |
| CHERRIES, SAND | TV | ONIONS (DRY) | FC | Unknown | FC |
| CHERRIES-SWEET | TV | ONIONS (SEED) | FC | WALNUT (ORN) | TV |
| CHERRY,BLACK | TV | ONIONS,SPANISH | FC | WALNUTS (BLCK) | TV |
| CITRUS HYBRIDS | TV | ORANGES (NAVEL | TV | WALNUTS (ENGL) | TV |
| CITRUS(NURSERY | TV | ORANGES(SWEET) | TV | WATERMELONS | FC |
| CITRUS-ORN | TV | ORANGES(VALEN) | TV | YAMS | PP |
| CONIFER NURSRY | TV | ORNAMENTALS | FC |  |  |
| CORN/SWEET | FC | PARSLEY | FC |  |  |

## Objectives

1. Utilize Merced use information to create probability distributions of field size, application rate, application date and related variables for use in SOFEA.
2. Use SOFEA to estimate upper and lower bound concentration distributions reflecting low-mobility and intermediate-mobility assumptions using Merced meteorology.
3. Utilize the appropriate concentration distributions with High End Exposure Version 5 Crystal Ball (HEE5CB, Powell 2006) to provide exposure estimates for male and female lifetime exposure for the four cases resulting from upper/lower bounds and low- and intermediate-mobility and to compare these estimates to the reference level of 1.0E-5 $\left(=1.0 \times 10^{-5}\right)$ at the 95th percentile.

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## Methods

The crop code lookup table was the same as used in Johnson and Powell (2005) with the following three exceptions: (1) almonds were coded to TV (they were NC in Johnson and Powell 2005 due to Crystal Ball size constraints, Decisioneering 2001), (2) figs were added as TV, and (3) watermelons were coded as FC (they were coded as SB in Johnson and Powell 2005). Coding the Merced use into FC, NC, PP, SB, and TV, resulted in only three crop categories: FC, PP, and TV. There were no treated acres in Merced for NC or SB categories. FC was mostly melons. Almost all of the PP consisted of sweet potatoes. Most of TV was almonds with some miscellaneous fruit trees. About $77 \%$ of the acreage over three years was from PP (sweet potatoes), while the remainder was roughly split between FC and TV.

Acreage. Based on the analysis 1,3-d use in Merced, the percentage by acreage of crops was $10 \%, 77 \%$, and $14 \%$ for FC, PP, and TV, respectively. These governing percentages were entered into SOFEA for this Merced run. SOFEA strives to create a synthetic database of applications whose acreages should reflect these governing percentages. The average crop acreages from the five runs (J1306-J1310) were 1\%, 82\% and 17\%. While FC was lower than the governing percentage, TV was reasonably close. It is more important to get TV reasonably close because the application rates are higher.

Probability Distributions. The three main probability distributions for each crop are shown in Appendix 1.

Percent Drip Applications. There were 0\% drip applications.
Depth of Application. Most applications in Merced were at a depth of 18 inches or deeper (as opposed to 12 inches). The frequencies for deep applications of all of the shank applications were $88 \%, 99.6 \%$, and $100 \%$ for FC, PP, and TV, respectively.

Township Cap Weights. The township cap weights for Merced, as proposed by Wesenbeeck (2005) are shown in Table 2. This township block consists of 05S09E in the upper left to 09S13E in the lower right. In the DAS proposal township cap of 1.5 x was assigned to four of the nine townships in the center, shaded area. Historical levels of use along the southern two rows of townships have been low.

Section Weights. Powell (2002) determined annual and perennial section weights for 6 townships in Merced. These townships were \#4-\#9. The subscripts in Table 2 indicate the township numbers used by SOFEA. The bottom row of center townships had insufficient use to determine section weights. I assigned weights to \#1 from \#4, to \#2 from \#5 and to \#3 from \#6. Section weights are listed in Appendix 2.

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Procedures to Analyze the Results.
These procedures were identical to those in Johnson (2007). The highest exposure township in Merced of the four townships at the 1.5 x cap level was township \#6. The 95th percentile upper bound risks associated with each of these four townships (in sequence as \#5, \#6, \#8, and \#9) were respectively (male): 0.98e-5, 1.1e-5, $0.89 \mathrm{e}-5$ and $0.97 \mathrm{e}-5$ and (female): $0.96 \mathrm{e}-5,1.07 \mathrm{e}-5,0.88 \mathrm{e}-5$, and 0.96e-5. In this case, the highest exposure township was not the township at the center of the $3 \times 3$ set of townships.

## Results

The resulting risk estimate bounds straddled the reference level of $1.0 \mathrm{E}-5$ (Gosselin 2001) for the low mobility scenario. Male risk estimates at the 95th percentile were between $0.98 \mathrm{E}-5$ and $1.09 \mathrm{E}-5$ while female risk was between $0.96 \mathrm{E}-5$ and $1.07 \mathrm{E}-5$. For the intermediate mobility,
the evaluation produced somewhat lower estimates with the upper and lower bounds both lying and $1.09 \mathrm{E}-5$ while female risk was between $0.96 \mathrm{E}-5$ and $1.07 \mathrm{E}-5$. For the intermediate mobility,
the evaluation produced somewhat lower estimates with the upper and lower bounds both lying below $1.0 \mathrm{E}-5$. In the case of males, intermediate mobility assumption resulted in $0.85 \mathrm{E}-5$ to $0.96 \mathrm{E}-5$ and for females resulted in $0.85 \mathrm{E}-5$ to $0.97 \mathrm{E}-5$.

## Summary

Table 2. Township cap weights proposed by DAS for Merced (Wesenbeeck 2005). Subscripts indicate township number in center $3 x 3$ township area.

| 0.18 | 0.72 | 0.41 | 0.24 | 0.09 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.09 | $0.36_{7}$ | $1.5_{8}$ | $1.5_{9}$ | 0.23 |
| 0.39 | $0.33_{4}$ | $1.5_{5}$ | $1.5_{6}$ | 0.03 |
| 0.09 | $0_{1}$ | $0_{2}$ | $0_{3}$ | 0.00 |
| 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

DAS proposed a configuration of township caps in a $5 \times 5$ township area of high 1,3-d use in Merced. area of high 1,3-d use in Merced.
Four of the inner 9 townships were given $1.5 x$ ( 135,375 pounds/year adjusted use) caps. The other 21 townships were lower than 1 x ( $90,250 \mathrm{lbs} /$ year adjusted use), with
12 townships at less than 0.1 x ( 9025 ( $90,250 \mathrm{lbs} /$ year adjusted use), with
12 townships at less than 0.1 x ( 9025 lbs/year adjusted use). The DAS SOFEA model was utilized to

Table 3. Bounded risk estimates for Merced township cap proposal (Wesenbeeck 2005) showing upper and lower bound with low and intermediate mobility scenarios.

|  | Male |  |  | Female |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Lower | Upper |  | Lower |  |
| Upper |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\frac{\text { Bound }}{}$ | $\frac{\text { Bound }}{}$ |  | Bound |  |
| Low | $0.98 \mathrm{E}-05$ | $1.09 \mathrm{E}-05$ |  | $0.96 \mathrm{E}-05$ |  |
| $1.07 \mathrm{E}-05$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Intermediate | $0.85 \mathrm{E}-05$ | $0.96 \mathrm{E}-05$ |  | $0.85 \mathrm{E}-05$ |  |

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evaluate this proposal. Input to the SOFEA model was based on Merced-specific use from 2003-2005 and five years of meteorological data from Merced. Two mobility scenarios were simulated: Low Mobility (person spends entire life within the highest township), Intermediate Mobility (person's home in highest township, but travels around throughout the other 3x3 township area). For Low Mobility the lower and upper bound 95th tile risk straddled the 1E-5 reference level for males and females. The upper bounds were $9 \%$ and $7 \%$ higher than the reference level, respectively. For Intermediate Mobility the upper and lower bounds were uniformly less than the 1.E-5 95th percentile reference level for males and females. The upper bounds were $3-4 \%$ lower than the reference level.

cc: Randy Segawa, Agriculture Program Supervisor IV<br>Terrell Barry, Ph.D., Research Scientist III<br>Ian Reeve, Ph.D., Associate Toxicologist<br>Joseph P. Frank, Ph.D., Senior Toxicologist

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## Appendix 1. Key probability distributions used for Merced SOFEA simulation




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## Appendix 2. Section Weights for Merced Simulation

| 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.110 | 0.020 | 0.030 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.060 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.130 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.180 | 0.030 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.020 |
| 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.310 | 0.030 | 0.00 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.020 | 0.120 | 0.150 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.00 | 0.070 | 0.00 | 0.000 | 0.060 | 0.040 | 0.020 | 0.190 | 0.000 | 0.050 | 0.080 | 0.000 |
| 0.000 | 0.00 | 0.030 | 0.000 | 0.030 | 0.000 | 0.00 | 0.060 | 0.010 | 0.060 | 0.020 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.040 | 0.000 | 0.030 |
| 0.000 | 0.130 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.130 | 0.280 | 0.030 | 0.080 | 0.140 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.070 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.110 | 0.120 | 0.210 | 0.00 | 0.050 | 0.050 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.050 | 0.060 | 0.030 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.020 | 0.00 |
| 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.17 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.000 | 0.060 | 0.030 | 0.030 | 0.000 | 0.070 | 0.080 | 0.020 | 0.110 | 0.000 | 0.090 |
| 0.000 | 0.080 | 0.030 | 0.00 | 0.190 | 0.000 | 0.120 | 0.000 | 0.00 | 0.060 | 0.140 | 0.070 | 0.040 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.040 | 0.030 | 0.040 |
| 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.080 | 0.00 | 0.000 | 0.04 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.00 | 0.000 | 0.040 | 0.070 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.020 | 0.060 | 0.220 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.060 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.110 | 0.120 | 0.210 | 0.00 | 0.050 | 0.050 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.050 | 0.060 | 0.030 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.020 | 0.000 |
| 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.170 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.000 | 0.060 | 0.030 | 0.030 | 0.000 | 0.070 | 0.080 | 0.020 | 0.110 | 0.000 | 0.090 |
| 0.000 | 0.080 | 0.030 | 0.000 | 0.190 | 0.000 | 0.120 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.060 | 0.140 | 0.070 | 0.040 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.040 | 0.030 | 0.040 |
| 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.080 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.040 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.040 | 0.070 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.020 | 0.060 | 0.220 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.060 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |

## ANNUAL CROPS

Loop 1

 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.010 | 0.000 | 0.090 | 0.120 | 0.010 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.010 | 0.320 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.310 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.010 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllll}0.020 & 0.040 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.020 & 0.020 & 0.000 & 0.030 & 0.020 & 0.000 & 0.020 & 0.020 & 0.030 & 0.020 & 0.020 & 0.020 & 0.020 & 0.020\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllll}0.000 & 0.030 & 0.030 & 0.030 & 0.020 & 0.060 & 0.030 & 0.020 & 0.010 & 0.020 & 0.010 & 0.020 & 0.020 & 0.020 & 0.030 & 0.030 & 0.010 & 0.070\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllll}0.000 & 0.000 & 0.010 & 0.030 & 0.040 & 0.080 & 0.020 & 0.030 & 0.020 & 0.030 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.030 & 0.060 & 0.030 & 0.050 & 0.000 & 0.000\end{array}$

 | 0.120 | 0.000 | 0.040 | 0.310 | 0.250 | 0.200 | 0.040 | 0.030 | 0.040 | 0.020 | 0.100 | 0.090 | 0.040 | 0.030 | 0.070 | 0.030 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllll}0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.080 & 0.000 & 0.020 & 0.010 & 0.000 & 0.020 & 0.180 & 0.030 & 0.030 & 0.040 & 0.040 & 0.200 & 0.030 & 0.000\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllll}0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.140 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.020 & 0.020 & 0.040 & 0.050 & 0.020 & 0.010 & 0.060 & 0.020 & 0.040\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllll}0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.060 & 0.030 & 0.060 & 0.050 & 0.030 & 0.020 & 0.000 & 0.030 & 0.000\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllllllllll}0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.020 & 0.040 & 0.000 & 0.050 & 0.030 & 0.000 & 0.000\end{array}$

 $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllll}0.120 & 0.000 & 0.040 & 0.310 & 0.250 & 0.200 & 0.040 & 0.030 & 0.040 & 0.020 & 0.100 & 0.090 & 0.040 & 0.030 & 0.070 & 0.030 & 0.000 & 0.000\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllll}0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.080 & 0.000 & 0.020 & 0.010 & 0.000 & 0.020 & 0.180 & 0.030 & 0.030 & 0.040 & 0.040 & 0.200 & 0.030 & 0.000\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllllllllll}0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.140 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.020 & 0.020 & 0.040 & 0.050 & 0.020 & 0.010 & 0.060 & 0.020 & 0.040\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllll}0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.060 & 0.030 & 0.060 & 0.050 & 0.030 & 0.020 & 0.000 & 0.030 & 0.000\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllllllllll}0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.020 & 0.040 & 0.000 & 0.050 & 0.030 & 0.000 & 0.000\end{array}$ $0.0000 .0000 .0000 .000 \quad 0.000 \quad 0.000||0.0200 .0000 .0000 .0000 .0000 .000| 0.0200 .0000 .0000 .0200 .0000 .000$

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# Appendix 3. Technical Notes. Table A3.1 File Listing and File Location (I=modelcoord) 

| path, filename | Date | Size |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I:Igamma0501lcaps-mercedlmercedusepatternl2004 CDMS Data Prepared for BJohnson by DGS 27Mar2006.xls | 6/6/2006 | 512 KB |
| I:Igamma0501\caps-mercedlmercedusepatternlanalyze-runs\CVj1306-10.JNB | 2/7/2007 | 754 KB |
| I: \gamma0501\caps-mercedlmercedusepatternlanalyze-runslfour-townships1.5x.jnb | 3/9/2007 | 173 KB |
| I:Igamma0501\caps-mercedlmercedusepatternlanalyze-runslj1306pos.xls | 1/29/2007 | 16,522 KB |
| I:Igamma0501\caps-mercedlmercedusepatternlanalyze-runslj1307pos.xls | 1/30/2007 | 16,512 KB |
| I:Igamma0501lcaps-mercedlmercedusepatternlanalyze-runslj1308pos.xls | 1/29/2007 | 16,512 KB |
| I:Igamma0501\caps-mercedlmercedusepatternlanalyze-runslj1309pos.xls | 1/30/2007 | 16,522 KB |
| I:Igamma0501\caps-mercedlmercedusepatternlanalyze-runslj1310pos.xls | 3/14/2007 | 16,089 KB |
| I:Igamma0501\caps-mercedlmercedusepatternlanalyze-runslworking1306-10.xls | 2/27/2007 | 10,286 KB |
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Tobi L. Jones, Ph.D.
March 29, 2007
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SOFEA Runs J1306-J1310
Exposure Runs Exp0057-Exp0060 for determining max township
Exposure Runs Exp0061-Exp0064 for estimating high/low mobility, upper/lower bounds
MAK3X3MERCED.FOR put together section weights in easy-to-use format for Merced

