1	ROB BONTA Attorney General of California				
2	EVAN EICKMEYER				
3	Supervising Deputy Attorney General VALERIE OPET, State Bar No. 351735				
4	NICHOLAS MOORE, State Bar No. 318948 JEREMY C. THOMAS, State Bar No. 231973				
5	Deputy Attorneys General 1300 I Street, Suite 125				
6	Sacramento, CA 95814 Telephone: (916) 210-7821				
7	Fax: (916) 327-2319 E-mail: JeremyC.Thomas@doj.ca.gov				
8	Attorneys for Complainant Ken Everett in his official capacity as the Deputy Director, Programs Division,				
9	Department of Pesticide Regulation				
10	BEFORE THE				
11	DEPARTMENT OF PESTICIDE REGULATION				
12	STATE OF CALIFORNIA				
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14					
15	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 25-001L			
16	Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc.,	ACCUSATION			
17	Pest Control Business - Main, License No. 46006, located at 2394 Avenue 376, in				
18	Kingsburg, California 93631;				
19	Mark R. Trinkle, Jr.,				
20	Journeyman Pilot Certificate, License No. 127490, Qualified Applicator License, License				
21	No. 136441,				
22	Respondents.				
23	KEN EVERETT (Complainant) alleges:				
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26					
27	Department is the lead state agency responsible f	,			
28	Department is the lead state agency responsible i	or developing and implementing Camorina s			

pesticide regulatory program pursuant to Divisions 6 and 7 of the California Food and Agricultural Code ("Code") and their implementing regulations (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 3 [3 CCR], § 6000 et seq.).

- 2. Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. (Trinkle Ag Flying) is a business that provides aerial pest control application services. Trinkle Ag Flying's business location is 2394 Avenue 376, in Kingsburg, California 93631. On or about March 14, 2022, the Department issued a Pest Control Business Main License (PCM License) No. 46006 to licensee Trinkle Ag Flying. At all times relevant to this action, Trinkle Ag Flying was registered to conduct business in Tulare and Kings Counties. The license was in full force and effect at all times relevant to this action. This license expires on December 31, 2025, unless renewed.
- 3. Respondent Mark R. Trinkle, Jr., an individual, is an aerial pesticide applicator for Trinkle Ag Flying. On or about October 14, 2011, the Department issued a Journeyman Pilot Certificate (JPC) No. 127490 to Licensee Mark R. Trinkle, Jr. The license was in full force and effect at all times relevant to this action. This license expires on December 31, 2025, unless renewed. Respondent Mark R. Trinkle, Jr. lists his address with DPR as 2394 Avenue 376, in Kingsburg, California 93631.
- 4. Respondent Mark R. Trinkle, Jr., an individual, is the President and qualified person for Trinkle Ag Flying. On or about February 11, 2015, the Department issued a Qualified Applicator License (QAL) No. 136441 to Licensee Mark Trinkle, Jr. The license was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought herein. This license expires on December 31, 2025, unless renewed. Respondent Mark R. Trinkle, Jr. lists his address with DPR as 2394 Avenue 376, in Kingsburg, California 93631.
 - Respondents are collectively referred to as "Licensees" or "Respondents."
 JURISDICTION AND AUTHORITY FOR DISCIPLINE

6. This Accusation is brought before the Department and the Director pursuant to the Department's authority under Food and Agricultural Code section 11501.5, which grants the

¹ All further statutory references are to the Food and Agricultural Code unless otherwise indicated.

Director the authority to enforce Division 6, related to pest control operations, and the regulations which are issued pursuant to it.

- 7. Section 11701 requires that any person who "advertise[s], solicit[s], or operate[s] as a pest control business" obtain a PCM license by the Department.
- 8. Section 11701.5 provides that each licensed pest control business must have at least one individual with a QAL in a supervisory position whose license includes the categories of pest control activities supervised by that person. The QAL, known as the "designated person" or "qualified person" is responsible for the pest control operations of each location.
- 9. In addition to a QAL qualified person, businesses that perform aerial pest control must also employ an individual who holds a valid aerial pest control license to perform those applications.
- 10. Regarding the Department's authority and basis to discipline a PCM business license, section 11708 provides that:

The director may refuse to grant any license and may revoke or suspend any license if the applicant or licensee. ... (d) Violates or permits the violation of any provision of this division and Division 7 (commencing with Section 12501) pertaining to pesticides or of any regulations adopted pursuant thereto by the director or any commissioner. Any hearing to deny, suspend, or revoke a license shall be heard under the Administrative Procedure Act, Chapter 5 [concerning formal hearings, per Government Code, section 11500 et seq.].

- 11. Section 11791 pertains to any business or individual licensee under the jurisdiction of the Department. It provides that "[i]t is unlawful for any person subject to this division to do any of the following: ... [o]perate in a faulty, careless, or negligent manner. ... Refuse or neglect to comply with this division, or any regulation issued pursuant to this division, or any lawful order of the commissioner or the director."
- 12. Regarding the Department's authority and basis to discipline a JPC, section 11910 provides that "The director ... may revoke or suspend a manned or unmanned pest control aircraft pilot certificate after a hearing in which one or more of the following findings are made: ... (4)

The person has violated any provision of, or any regulation adopted pursuant to, this division [Division 6, pertaining to pest control businesses] or Division 7 (commencing with Section 12501) pertaining to pesticides"

13. Regarding the Department's authority and basis to discipline a QAL, section 12205 provides that:

[A] qualified applicator license may be refused, revoked, or suspended by the director, after a hearing, for any of the following: (a) Failure to comply with this division [Division 6 pertaining to pest control businesses] or Division 7 (commencing with Section 12501) or regulations adopted pursuant to these divisions. ... (c) Failure to ensure that the responsibilities of the pest control business specified in regulations are carried out. (d) Failure to supervise operations, activities, and employees of the pest control business in a manner that ensures compliance with this division [Division 6] and Division 7 (commencing with Section 12501) pertaining to pesticides.

14. Section 12999.6, subdivision (c)(1) provides that the Director may "initiate and maintain an enforcement action for a violation of a statute or implementing regulation described in Section 12999.5 [pertaining to administrative civil penalty actions by the county agricultural commissioner] ... (1) Where the county agricultural commissioner and director agree that enforcement by the department is appropriate." Section 12999.6, subdivision (b) further provides that the Director "may levy a civil penalty of not more than twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) for each violation described in subdivision (c)."

STATUTORY AND REGULATORY PROVISIONS

Statutory Provisions

- 15. Section 12972 provides that "[t]he use of any pesticide by any person shall be in such a manner as to prevent substantial drift to nontarget areas."
- 16. Section 12973 provides that "[t]he use of any pesticide shall not conflict with labeling registered pursuant to this chapter which is delivered with the pesticide or with any additional limitations applicable to the conditions of any permit issued by the [DPR] director or [county agricultural] commissioner."

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- California Code of Regulations, title 3, section 6000 defines "person" as "any 17. individual, partnership, association, corporation, business entity or organized group of persons whether incorporated or not."
- 18. California Code of Regulations, title 3, section 6600 provides that "[e]ach person performing pest control shall: ... (b) Perform all pest control in a careful and effective manner."
 - 19. California Code of Regulations, title 3, section 6614, subdivision (b) provides that: Notwithstanding that substantial drift will be prevented, no pesticide application shall be made or continued when:
 - (1) There is a reasonable possibility of contamination of the bodies or clothing of persons not involved in the application process;
 - (2) There is a reasonable possibility of damage to nontarget crops, animals or other public or private property; or
 - (3) There is a reasonable possibility of contamination of nontarget public or private property, including the creation of a health hazard, preventing normal use of such property. In determining a health hazard, the amount and toxicity of the pesticide, the type and uses of the property and related factors shall be considered.
- 20. California Code of Regulations, title 3, section 6738, subdivision (a)(1) provides that employers shall "[p]rovide all personal protective equipment required by pesticide product labeling, regulation, and restricted material permit condition[s]."

INTRODUCTION

21. The causes of discipline are predicated on two incidents which occurred in 2024, the first in Kings County and the second in Tulare County. The incident in Tulare County is a "priority incident" which includes incidents where "[d]amage to any property ... that is estimated to represent a \$20,000 loss, or 20% of crop yield loss (whichever is appropriate)," according to the cooperative agreement between DPR, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA), and the California Agricultural Commissioners and Sealers Association (CACASA) in force at the time the incident occurred. In Tulare, herbicide drift caused by Respondents' failure to follow label instructions and standards of care resulted in over \$35,000 in damages to a nontarget, adjacent orchard.

- 22. The Kings County incident displays Respondents' cavalier attitude toward worker health and safety. In this incident, Respondents refused to cooperate with inspectors at an application, and continued the application despite numerous, visible worker health and safety violations, including violations regarding personal protective equipment. Morever, in another incident cited as a matter in aggravation, Respondents failed to comply with worker health and safety directives. Employees were directed to mix and load restricted materials and minimal exposure pesticides highly regulated products that require specific, additional worker protections due to the hazards these products pose to human health while failing to comply with health and safety requirements.
- 23. Also cited are five matters in aggravation, describing incidents from 2018 to 2023 where Respondents, or a related entity, failed to adhere to pesticide law and regulation. This includes two priority incidents where a combined total of seventy-one (71) individuals experienced symptoms of pesticide exposure, including vomiting, headache, burning sensations in the mucus membranes, watering eyes, nose bleeds, chest tightness, difficulty breathing and stomachache. Fourteen (14) of those seventy-one (71) individuals sought and received medical treatment as a result of Respondents' actions.
- 24. The Department brings this action after the Kings County Agricultural Commissioner brought five prior actions with penalties totaling \$13,550. These enforcement actions failed to bring Respondents into compliance with requirements for pesticide use, handling and storage.
- 25. In consideration of the foregoing, Complainant Ken Everett requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged, and following the hearing, that the Director of the Department of Pesticide Regulation issue a decision to suspend or revoke Respondents' licenses, award a monetary penalty of \$30,000.00, and take such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

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PEIR 104-16-24-M01A-003 / File No. 004-AC-KIN-23/24 ("Kings County")

- 26. On January 16, 2024, Kings County CAC Inspector Jorge Mendoza inspected an aerial pesticide application conducted by Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying (PCM No. 46006), made by Respondent pilot Mark R. Trinkle, Jr. (JPC No. 127490; QAL No. 136441), PEIR No. 104-16-24-M01A-003. The application occurred at property operated by Philip Verwey Farms, at Verwey Hanford City NEQ, Site ID 69W.
- 27. Pesticide handlers and Trinkle Ag Flying employees Adam Gonzalez and Jose Espinoza assisted Respondent Mark R. Trinkle, Jr. with the application.
- 28. Respondents applied the following pesticide products to Site ID 69W: Simplicity CA (EPA Reg. No. 62719-568; DPR Reg. No. 62719-568-AA, active ingredient, Pyroxsulam); ET Herbicide/Defoliant (EPA Reg. No. 71711-7; DPR Reg. No. 71711-7-AA, active ingredient Pyraflufen ethyl); Shark EW (EPA Reg. No. 279-3242; DPR Reg. No. 279-3242-AA) and Fortify (EPA Reg. No. 893921-50021; DPR Reg. No. 893921-50021-AA).
- 29. The signal word for Simplicity CA is "Caution." The PPE requirements state "[a]pplicators and other handlers must wear: Long-sleeved shirt and long pants[,] Barrier Laminate or Viton gloves[,] Shoes plus socks[,] Protective eyewear[.]" (Emphasis in original.)
- 30. The signal word for ET Herbicide is "Danger." The PPE requirements state "[a]pplicators and other handlers must wear: Long-sleeved shirt and long pants[,] Barrier Laminate or Viton gloves[,] Shoes plus socks[,] Protective eyewear [and] For overhead exposure, wear chemical resistant headgear[.]" (Emphasis in original.)
- 31. PEIR No. 104-16-24-M01A-003 reflects the following violations which occurred during the application phase:
 - a. Food and Agricultural Code, § 12973 (Conflict with the Label) Handler Mr. Gonzalez was not wearing chemical-resistant headwear, eye protection or approved gloves, in conflict with the instructions on Simplicity CA's registered label.
 - b. 3 CCR § 6738 (PPE) Trinkle Ag Flying had not provided Handler Mr. Gonzalez

with the PPE required to handle the pesticides being used at the work site. Handler Mr. Gonzalez was not provided with chemical-resistant headwear, eye protection or approved gloves.

- 32. PEIR No. 104-16-24-M01A-003 reflects the following violations which occurred during the mix/load phase.
 - a. Food and Agricultural Code, § 12973 (Conflict with the Label) Handler Mr. Gonzalez was not wearing chemical-resistant headwear, eye protection or approved gloves, in conflict with the instructions on Simplicity CA's registered label.
 - b. 3 CCR § 6738 (PPE) Trinkle Ag Flying had not provided Handler Mr. Gonzalez with the PPE required to handle the pesticides being used at the work site. Handler Mr. Gonzalez was not provided with chemical-resistant headwear, eye protection or approved gloves.
- 33. Overhead protection is required by the registered label for ET Herbicide/Defoliant. However, Inspector Perez observed that Handler Mr. Gonzalez was using a face shield which is not compliant PPE as overhead protection, in violation of section 12973.
- 34. Respondent Mark R. Trinkle, Jr. was informed that Mr. Gonzalez did not have the required PPE in violation of section 12973 and 3 CCR section 6738. Inspector Mendoza issued a Cease and Desist Order as indicated on the PEIR to Respondent Mark R. Trinkle, Jr. ordering him to immediately cease the application.
- 35. Respondent Mark R. Trinkle, Jr. became confrontational and aggressive with Inspector Mendoza during the inspection. Respondent Mark R. Trinkle, Jr. refused to cease the application, despite the cited violations concerning worker health and safety.
- 36. Respondent Mark R. Trinkle, Jr. otherwise refused to cooperate with Inspector Mendoza. Due to Respondent's failure to cooperate, Inspector Mendoza could not complete the PEIR as to sections 12 (3 CCR § 6724 handler training), 13 (3 CCR § 6726 emergency medical care posting), 15 (3 CCR § 6734 decontamination facilities) and 16 (3 CCR § 6724, subd. (b) eyewash availability).

37. On February 20, 2024, the Kings County CAC issued a Notice of Proposed Action (NOPA) to Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying (File No. 004-ACP-KIN-23/24) alleging a violation of section 12973 and 3 CCR section 6738 and proposing a \$800.00 fine. On July 16, 2024, Trinkle Ag Flying stipulated to the violation, waived its right to a hearing and paid the fine.

Inv. No. 54-20230530-062; Priority No. 27-TUL-014 ("Tulare County")

- 38. On February 13, 2024, Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. (PCM No. 46006) made an aerial pesticide application of the herbicides Shark EW (EPA No. 79-3242; DPR No. 79-3242-AA, active ingredient Carfentrazone) and Envy Six Max (EPA No. 89167-47-89391; DPR No. 89167-47-89391-AA, active ingredient Glyphosate).
- 39. The "Directions for Use" on the registered label for Envy Six Max states "[a]void drift. Extreme care must be used when applying this product to prevent injury to desirable plants and crops which do not contain a RoundUp Ready gene."
- 40. The "Directions for Use" on the registered label for Shark EW states "[a]void drift conditions that would allow the product to contact desirable vegetation."
- 41. The February 13, 2024, application was to a cornfield operated by Jim Conway, for Conway Hay Sales (Operator ID No. 5411529). The Conway Hay Sales site is located north of Avenue 286, east of Road 60 located in Visalia, in Tulare County. The pilot for the application was identified as Mark Trinkle. Mark R. Trinkle, Jr. is registered as a pilot in Tulare County (JPC No. 127490). On information and belief, Mark R. Trinkle, Jr. was the pilot who conducted the application at Conway Hay Sales on February 13, 2024. The qualified person for Trinkle Ag Flying is Mark R. Trinkle, Jr. (QAL No. 136441).
- 42. Conway Hay Sales is adjacent to an almond orchard operated by Gilbert Marroquin, located at 5625 West Prospect Drive, in Visalia, California located in Tulare County, identified as Site 02-101. On April 2, 2024, Mr. Marroquin came to the Tulare CAC office to obtain PUR information for pesticide applications conducted in the vicinity of his almond orchard. The request for information was in response to Mr. Marroquin's observation of crop injury symptoms that he observed to his almond trees in the southwest portion of Site 02-101, which is directly adjacent to Conway Hay Sales.

- 43. The PUR search revealed the above-described pesticide application conducted by Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying on February 13, 2024.
- 44. The Tulare CAC opened INV-54-20240408-027, which was assigned to Gerardo Nevarez, Agricultural & Standards Inspector Trainee.
- 45. On April 11, 2024, Inspector Nevarez inspected Mr. Marroquin's field, where he observed and documented damage to 10 almond trees, in the area in southwest portion of Site 02-101, directly adjacent to the site operated by Conway Hay Sales.
- 46. On April 23, 2024, at the request of Inspector Nevarez, Fruit and Almond Advisor Mr. Raymond Mireles and Farm Advisor Jorge Angeles, both from the University of California Cooperative Extension, came to Site 02-101 to inspect the almond orchard.
- 47. In their report dated May 1, 2024, Mr. Mireles and Mr. Angeles stated that they observed deformed stacked leaves and twig dieback on the tops of the trees at Site 02-101.
- 48. The report stated that Carfentrazone is a contact herbicide that will cause rapid tissue death and necrosis on plant tissue. The report stated that Glyphosate is a systemic herbicide that disrupts the production of amino acids in plants. This disruption of amino acid synthesis in trees can result in chlorosis, necrosis, stunting, leaf malformation, leaf stacking and terminal bud death. Carfentrazone and Glyphosate can be absorbed through the stems and green wood of trees.
- 49. As stated in their report, Mr. Mireles and Mr. Angeles observed leaf stacking and twig dieback on the tops of the almond trees. This resembled damage that can be caused by Carfentrazone and Glyphosate through herbicide drift.
- 50. On May 14, 2024, Inspector Nevarez met with the pilot who conducted the application at Conway Hay Sales on February 13, 2024, who on information and belief was Mark R. Trinkle, Jr.
- 51. On May 15, 2024, Mr. Marroquin filed a Report of Loss, Nonperformance or Damage with the Tulare CAC. Accompanying the Report of Loss, Nonperformance or Damage was an assessor's report, finding \$32,587.00 in crop loss at Site 02-101.
- 52. The U.S. EPA, the Department and the California Agricultural Commissioners and Sealers Association (CACASA, on behalf of all county agricultural commissioners, including

Tulare County) investigate and address "priority incidents" pursuant to the "Cooperative Agreement Between the United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region IX, The California Department of Pesticide Regulation and CACASA" ("MOU" or "Cooperative Agreement.") At the time the incident occurred, Appendix A of the Cooperative Agreement had been in effect since 2005. Under the terms of the Cooperative Agreement, a "priority incident" includes violations of pesticide law and regulation that result in "Economic Loss" defined as "[d]amage to any property, equipment or livestock (including bees) that is estimated to represent a \$20,000 loss, or a 20% crop yield loss (whichever is appropriate)."

- 53. Because damage to nontarget property exceeded \$20,000, this incident was designated a priority incident and assigned as Priority No. 27-TUL-014.
- 54. On May 21, 2024, Tulare County CAC issued a Violation Notice (VN-54-20240521-034) to Trinkle Ag Flying for one violation of section 12973 (application in conflict with a registered label) and one violation of 3 CCR section 6614 (protection of persons, animals or property).
- 55. The Tulare CAC referred administrative civil penalty enforcement for this matter to the Department, pursuant to section 12999.6.

MATTERS IN AGGRAVATION

Inspector Biologist Bruce Perez conducted a pesticide use monitoring inspection of a pesticide application by Trinkle Ag Flying Service (PCM No. 33041; exp. Dec. 2023, qualified person, Mark Trinkle, QAL No. 96960) occurring at NW 15th Street and Lacey Boulevard in Hanford, California located in Kings County, as stated in PEIR No. 104-16-18-M006-011. The application was made by Respondent pilot Mark R. Trinkle, Jr. (JPC No. 127490). Inspector Perez listed the following violations on PEIR No. 104-16-18-M006-011, which were observed during the application, related to worker health and safety: California Code of Regulations, title 3, sections 6726, 6734, 6726 and6630. A Violation Notice was issued (VN No. 165-20180402-006). All violations were designated as Class B (Moderate) violations pursuant to California Code of Regulations, title 3, section 6128. A follow-up inspection on April 3, 2018 noted that

noncompliances were corrected. On or about April 18, 2025, the Department approved a Decision Report submitted by the Kings County CAC and no further action was taken.

- Agricultural Inspector Biologist Bruce Perez conducted a pesticide use monitoring inspection of an aerial application of Comite (EPA Reg. No. 400-104-ZC; DPR Reg. No. 400-105-ZC, active ingredient Propargite) occurring at NW 13th Street at Houston Avenue in Hanford, California, located in Kings County (PEIR No. 104-16-18-M00G-005). The application was conducted by Trinkle Ag Flying Service (PCM No. 33041; exp. Dec. 2023; qualified person, Mark Trinkle, QAL No. 96960). The application was made by Respondent pilot Mark R. Trinkle, Jr. (JPC No. 127490). Assisting with the application was Johnny Evans, a Trinkle Ag Flying Service employee and pesticide handler..
- Comite, that contain Propargite are also designated as "minimal exposure pesticides." (3 CCR § 6793, subd. (d).) Additional restrictions apply to the use and handling of minimal exposure pesticides. (*Id.* at § 6790, subd. (d).) Inspector Perez observed that the mix/load tank was leaking and that the handlers employed by Trinkle Ag Flying Service were not provided PPE as required by the label and regulations. The handlers were also not using a closed mix/load system as required for this pesticide. The following violations were listed on PEIR No. 104-16-18-M00G-005: Food and Agricultural Code, § 12973 (conflict with the labeling failure to use a closed system); 3 CCR § 6738 (failure to provide PPE respiratory protection and chemical-resistant footwear and socks); 3 CCR § 6793 (failure to provide PPE for minimal exposure pesticides); 3 CCR § 6739 (failure to provide respiratory protection as required by label); 3 CCR § 6742 (equipment must be in good working order); 3 CCR § 6746 (failure to use a closed system); and 3 CCR § 6684 (failure to triple rinse containers).
- 59. **INV-16-20191202-030** / **Priority No. 44-KIN-19:** On July 3, 2019, Respondent pilot Mark R. Trinkle, Jr. (JPC No. 127490), on behalf of Trinkle Ag Flying Service (PCM No. 33041, exp. 12/31/2023; qualified person Mark Trinkle, QAL No. 96960) conducted an aerial application by helicopter of the herbicide RoundUp PowerMAX Herbicide and Onager Optek

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Miticide at a site identified as DVR-2, operated by Johnnie De Jongs, located at SW Dover Avenue and 6th Street, in Hanford, in Kings County, California. Fieldworkers in adjacent farms reported seeing and/or hearing a helicopter making turns near their worksite, feeling droplets fall on their person and smelling a chemical odor. Sixty-two (62) people then began experiencing symptoms consistent with pesticide exposure including headache, nausea, vomiting, irritation of the mucus membranes (congestion, throat irritation, tongue pain), watering and tightness of the eyes, sleepiness, reduced vision, coughing, chest pain, difficulty breathing, nose bleeds and stomachaches. Five (5) bystanders sought medical care. This incident was designated a priority incident, Priority No. 44-KIN-19. On June 11, 2021, the Kings County CAC issued a NOPA(File No. 003-ACP-KIN-20/21) to Trinkle Ag Flying Service pursuant to Code section 12999.5. The NOPA proposed a \$10,000 fine at \$2,000 per violation, for five (5) violations of California Code of Regulations, title 3, section 6614, subdivision (b)(1), for making or continuing a pesticide application when "[t]here is a reasonable possibility of contamination of the bodies or clothing of persons not involved in the application process." Each violation was a Class A (Serious) violation. On December 17, 2021, Trinkle Ag Flying Service waived its right to a hearing, stipulated to the violation and paid the \$10,000 fine.

60. INV-16-20191017-26 / NOPA File No. 011-ACP-KIN-20/21: On July 28, 2019, Trinkle Ag Flying Service (PCM No. 33041, exp. 12/31/2023; qualified person, Mark Trinkle, QAL No. 96960) conducted an aerial pesticide application of RoundUp PowerMAX Herbicide to an alfalfa field at a site listed as TM 1, operated by Tony Maciel & Sons, located at NE Excelsior Avenue and Lemoore Canal (15th Avenue) in Hanford, located in Kings County, California. On August 13, 2019, the Kings County CAC received a Report of Loss, Nonperformance or Damage from an adjacent property owner, who operates a grape field adjacent to site TM 1. The Report described how the grape leaves and vines displayed signs of herbicide damage, including underdeveloped leaf veins and mottling/curling in the leaves, following the pesticide application by Trinkle Ag Flying Service. On July 22, 2021, the Kings County CAC issued a NOPA to Trinkle Ag Flying Service. The NOPA proposed to fine Trinkle Ag Flying Service for one Class A violation of Code section 12973, for use of RoundUp PowerMAX in conflict with its registered

label. The Kings County CAC proposed a fine of \$2,500. On December 17, 2021, Trinkle Ag Flying Service stipulated to the violation, waived its right to a hearing and paid the fine.

- 61. **INV-16-20230926-025** / **Priority No. 53-KIN-23:** On September 22, 2023, at approximately 3:00 AM, Respondent pilot Mark R. Trinkle, Jr. (JPC No. 127490) and qualified person (QAL No. 136441) for Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. (PCM No. 46066) conducted an aerial pesticide application of Ethephon 2SL and Intrepid Edge to a walnut orchard identified as Site 92C at Tos Farms, located in Laton, California in Kings County. Approximately sixty (60) bystanders were working at a site north of Tos Farms. Twelve (12) workers observed a helicopter applying pesticides in the proximity of their worksite or flying overhead. One worker observed that the helicopter flew directly over the worksite several times. Workers reported that temperatures were in the 50- to 60-degree Fahrenheit range, with winds from the southwest.
- 62. Multiple bystanders reported smelling an unpleasant odor after observing the helicopter and nine (9) people experienced the following symptoms consistent with pesticide exposure: gagging, stomachache, wheezing, coughing, shortness of breath, headache, burning in the throat and diarrhea. Symptoms were prolonged, with five (5) of the workers reporting that they continued to experience symptoms at the time of the interview, four days later. Six (6) of the affected bystanders were seen at Valley Industrial & Family Medical Group in Visalia, California. This incident was designated a priority incident, Priority No. 53-KIN-23. On December 18, 2023, the Kings County CAC issued a NOPA to Trinkle Ag Flying Service for one Class B violation of Code section 12973 for applying a pesticide in conflict with the registered label. The NOPA proposed a \$250 administrative civil penalty. On information and belief, Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. waived a hearing, stipulated to the violation and paid the fine.

CAUSES FOR DISCIPLINE

RESPONDENT TRINKLE AG FLYING, INC. (PCM NO. 46006)

FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Food and Agricultural Code, § 11791, subd. (b) - Operate in a faulty, careless or negligent manner)

63. Complainant incorporates each and every paragraph above by reference, as though

1	fully set forth herein. Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc.'s Pest Control Business – Main License
2	No. 46006 is subject to discipline under sections 11708, subd. (d) and 11791, subd. (b) because
3	on January 16, 2024, Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. conducted an aerial pesticide
4	application of Simplicity CA and ET Herbicide at Philip Verway Farms in Kings County, in a
5	faulty, careless or negligent manner. The facts and circumstances are described with particularity
6	in the paragraphs above (Kings County).
7	SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
8	(2 violations of Food and Agricultural Code, § 12973 – Conflict with the label)
9	64. Complainant incorporates each and every paragraph above by reference, as though
10	fully set forth herein. Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc.'s Pest Control Business – Main License
11	No. 46006 is subject to discipline under sections 11708, subd. (d) and 12973 because on January
12	16, 2024, Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying conducted an aerial pesticide application of Simplicity
13	CA and ET Herbicide at Philip Verway Farms in Kings County, in conflict with the directions on
14	the registered labels for both pesticide products. The facts and circumstances are described with
15	particularity in the paragraphs above (Kings County).
16	THIRD CAUSE FOR DISICIPLINE
17	(3 CCR § 6600, subd. (b) – General Standards of Care)
18	65. Complainant incorporates each and every paragraph above by reference, as though
19	fully set forth herein. Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc's Pest Control Business – Main License
20	No. 46006 is subject to discipline under section 11708, subd. (d) and 3 CCR § 6600, subd. (b)
21	because on January 16, 2024, Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying Inc. conducted a pesticide
22	application of Simplicity CA and ET Herbicide at Philip Verway Farms in Kings County, in a
23	manner that was not careful and effective, by failing to obey a cease and desist order and failing
24	to cooperate with the pesticide use inspection. The facts and circumstances are described with
25	particularity in the paragraphs above (Kings County).
26	FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
27	(2 violations of 3 CCR § 6738, subd. (a) – Personal Protective Equipment)

Complainant incorporates each and every paragraph above by reference, as though

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fully set forth herein. Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc.'s Pest Control Business – Main License No. 46006 is subject to discipline under section 11708 and 3 CCR § 6738, subd. (a) because on January 16, 2024, Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. conducted a pesticide application of Simplicity CA and ET Herbicide at Philip Verway Farms in Kings County, and did not provide all personal protective equipment required by product labeling, regulation and/or permit condition during the mix/load and application phase. The facts and circumstances are described with particularity in the paragraphs above (Kings County).

FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Food and Agricultural Code, § 11791, subd. (b) - Operate in a faulty, careless or negligent manner)

67. Complainant incorporates each and every paragraph above by reference, as though fully set forth herein. Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc.'s Pest Control Business – Main License No. 46006 is subject to discipline under sections 11708, subd. (d) and 11791, subd. (b) because on February 13, 2024, Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying Inc. made an aerial application of the herbicides Shark EW and Envy Six Max at Conway Hay Sales in Visalia, in Tulare County in a faulty, careless or negligent manner. The facts and circumstances are described with particularity in the paragraphs above (Tulare County).

SIXTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Food and Agricultural Code, § 12972 – Substantial drift)

68. Complainant incorporates each and every paragraph above by reference, as though fully set forth herein. Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc.'s Pest Control Business – Main License No. 46006 is subject to discipline under sections 11708, subd. (d) and 12972, because on February 13, 2024, Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. made an aerial application of the herbicides Shark EW and Envy Six Max at Conway Hay Sales in Visalia, in Tulare County in a manner that did not prevent substantial drift to nontarget areas. The facts and circumstances are described with particularity in the paragraphs above (Tulare County).

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SEVENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(2 violations of Food and Agricultural Code, § 12793 – Conflict with the label)

69. Complainant incorporates each and every paragraph above by reference, as though fully set forth herein. Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc.'s Pest Control Business – Main License No. 46006 is subject to discipline under sections 11708, subd. (d) and 12793 because on February 13, 2024, Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. made an aerial application of the herbicides Shark EW and Envy Six Max at Conway Hay Sales in Visalia, in Tulare County in conflict with the directions on the registered labels for both pesticide products. The facts and circumstances are described with particularity in the paragraphs above (Tulare County).

EIGHTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(3 CCR § 6600, subd. (b) – General standards of care)

70. Complainant incorporates each and every paragraph above by reference, as though fully set forth herein. Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc.'s Pest Control Business – Main License No. 46006 is subject to discipline under section 11708, subd. (d) and 3 CCR § 6600, subd. (b) because on February 13, 2024, Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. made an aerial application of the herbicides Shark EW and Envy Six Max at Conway Hay Sales in Visalia, in Tulare County, in a manner that was not careful and effective, causing damage to nontarget property. The facts and circumstances are described with particularity in the paragraphs above (Tulare County).

NINTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(3 CCR § 6614, subd. (b)(2) – Protection of persons, animals and property)

71. Complainant incorporates each and every paragraph above by reference, as though fully set forth herein. Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc.'s Pest Control Business – Main License No. 46006 is subject to discipline under section 11708, subd. (d) and 3 CCR § 6614, subd. (b) because on February 13, 2024, Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. made an aerial application of the herbicides Shark EW and Envy Six Max at Conway Hay Sales in Visalia, in Tulare County where there was a reasonable possibility of damage to nontarget crops, animals or other public or private property. The facts and circumstances are described with particularity in the paragraphs above (Tulare County).

RESPONDENT MARK R. TRINKLE JR., QAL NO. 136441

TENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Food and Agricultural Code, § 11791, subd. (b) – Operate in a faulty, careless or negligent manner)

72. Complainant incorporates each and every paragraph above by reference, as though fully set forth herein. Respondent Mark R. Trinkle Jr.'s QAL License No. 136441 is subject to discipline under sections 12205, subd. (d) and 11791, subd. (b) because on January 16, 2024, Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. conducted an aerial pesticide application of Simplicity CA and ET Herbicide at Philip Verway Farms in Kings County. Respondent Mark R. Trinkle Jr. (QAL License No. 136441) failed to supervise the operations of the pest control business in a way that ensured compliance with Division 6 and Division 7 of the Food and Agricultural Code; thus, as Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. operated in a faulty, careless or negligent manner. The facts and circumstances are described with particularity in the paragraphs above (Kings County).

ELEVENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(2 violations of Food and Agricultural Code, § 12973 – Conflict with the label)

73. Complainant incorporates each and every paragraph above by reference, as though fully set forth herein. Respondent Mark R. Trinkle Jr.'s QAL License No. 136441 is subject to discipline under sections 12205, subd. (d) and 12973 because on January 16, 2024, Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. conducted an aerial pesticide application of Simplicity CA and ET Herbicide at Philip Verway Farms in Kings County and Respondent Mark R. Trinkle Jr. (QAL License No. 136441) failed to supervise the operations of the pest control business in a way that ensured compliance with Division 6 and Division 7 of the Food and Agricultural Code; thus, Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. conducted the pesticide application in conflict with the directions on the registered labels for both pesticide products. The facts and circumstances are described with particularity in the paragraphs above (Kings County).

TWELFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(3 CCR § 6600, subd. (d) – General Standards of Care)

74. Complainant incorporates each and every paragraph above by reference, as though

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fully set forth herein. Respondent Mark R. Trinkle Jr.'s QAL License No. 136441 is subject to discipline under section 12205, subd. (d) and 3 CCR § 6600, subd. (b) because on January 16, 2024, Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying. Inc. conducted an aerial pesticide application of Simplicity CA and ET Herbicide at Philip Verway Farms in Kings County. Respondent Mark R. Trinkle Jr. (QAL License No. 136441) failed to supervise the operations of the pest control business in a way that ensured compliance with Division 6 and Division 7 of the Food and Agricultural Code; thus, Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. failed to perform pest control in a careful and effective manner. The facts and circumstances are described with particularity in the paragraphs above (Kings County).

THIRTEENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(2 violations of 3 CCR § 6738, subd. (a))

75. Complainant incorporates each and every paragraph above by reference, as though fully set forth herein. Respondent Mark R. Trinkle Jr.'s QAL License No. 136441 is subject to discipline under section 12205, subd. (d) and 3 CCR § 6738, subd. (a) because on January 16, 2024, Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. conducted an aerial pesticide application of Simplicity CA and ET Herbicide at Philip Verway Farms in Kings County. Respondent Mark R. Trinkle Jr. (QAL License No. 136441) failed to supervise the operations of the pest control business in a way that ensured compliance with Division 6 and Division 7 of the Food and Agricultural Code; thus, Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. did not provide all personal protective equipment required by product labeling, regulation and/or restricted material permit conditions during both the mix/load and application phases. The facts and circumstances are described with particularity in the paragraphs above (Kings County).

FOURTEENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Food and Agricultural Code, § 11791, subd. (b) – Operate in a faulty, careless or negligent manner)

76. Complainant incorporates each and every paragraph above by reference, as though fully set forth herein. Respondent Mark R. Trinkle Jr.'s QAL License No. 136441 is subject to discipline under sections 12205, subd. (d) and 11791, subd. (b) because on February 13, 2024,

Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. made an aerial application of the herbicides Shark EW and Envy Six Max at Conway Hay Sales in Visalia, in Tulare County. Respondent Mark R. Trinkle Jr. (QAL License No. 136441) failed to supervise the operations of the pest control business in a way that ensured compliance with Division 6 and Division 7 of the Food and Agricultural Code; thus, Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. operated in a faulty, careless or negligent manner. The facts and circumstances are described with particularity in the paragraphs above (Tulare County).

FIFTEENTH FOR DISCIPLINE

(Food and Agricultural Code, § 12972 – Substantial drift)

77. Complainant incorporates each and every paragraph above by reference, as though fully set forth herein. Respondent Mark R. Trinkle Jr.'s QAL License No. 136441 is subject to discipline under sections 11708, subd. (d) and 12972, because on February 13, 2024, Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. made an aerial application of the herbicides Shark EW and Envy Six Max at Conway Hay Sales in Visalia, in Tulare County. Respondent Mark R. Trinkle Jr. (QAL License No. 136441) failed to supervise the operations of the pest control business in a way that ensured compliance with Division 6 and Division 7 of the Food and Agricultural Code; thus, Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. used a pesticide in a manner that did not prevent substantial drift to nontarget areas. The facts and circumstances are described with particularity in the paragraphs above (Tulare County).

SIXTEENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(2 violations of Food and Agricultural Code, § 12973 – conflict with the label)

78. Complainant incorporates each and every paragraph above by reference, as though fully set forth herein. Respondent Mark R. Trinkle Jr.'s QAL License No. 136441 is subject to discipline under sections 12205, subd. (d) and 12973 because on February 13, 2024, Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. made an aerial application of the herbicides Shark EW and Envy Six Max at Conway Hay Sales in Visalia, in Tulare County. Respondent Mark R. Trinkle Jr. (QAL License No. 136441) failed to supervise the operations of the pest control business in a way that ensured compliance with Division 6 and Division 7 of the Food and Agricultural Code; thus, Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. applied the pesticide products in conflict with the directions on the

registered labels. The facts and circumstances are described with particularity in the paragraphs above (Tulare County).

SEVENTEENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(3 CCR § 6614, subd. (b) – General standards of care)

79. Complainant incorporates each and every paragraph above by reference, as though fully set forth herein. Respondent Mark R. Trinkle Jr.'s QAL License No. 136441 is subject to discipline under section 12205, subd. (d) and 3 CCR § 6614, subd. (b)(2) because on February 13, 2024, Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. made an aerial application of the herbicides Shark EW and Envy Six Max at Conway Hay Sales in Visalia, in Tulare County. Respondent Mark R. Trinkle Jr. (QAL License No. 136441) failed to supervise the operations of the pest control business in a way that ensured compliance with Division 6 and Division 7 of the Food and Agricultural Code; thus, Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. failed to perform pest control in a careful and effective manner. The facts and circumstances are described with particularity in the paragraphs above (Tulare County).

EIGHTEENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(3 CCR § 6614, subd. (b)(2) – Protection of persons, animals and property)

80. Complainant incorporates each and every paragraph above by reference, as though fully set forth herein. Respondent Mark R. Trinkle Jr.'s QAL License No. 136441 is subject to discipline under section 12205, subd. (d) and 3 CCR § 6614, subd. (b)(2) because on February 13, 2024, Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. made an aerial application of the herbicides Shark EW and Envy Six Max at Conway Hay Sales in Visalia, in Tulare County. Respondent Mark R. Trinkle Jr. (QAL License No. 136441) failed to supervise the operations of the pest control business in a way that ensured compliance with Division 6 and Division 7 of the Food and Agricultural Code; thus, Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. made or continued a pesticide application where there was a reasonable possibility of damage to nontarget crops, animals or other public or private property. The facts and circumstances are described with particularity in the paragraphs above (Tulare County).

RESPONDENT MARK R. TRINKLE JR. JPC NO. 127490

NINETEENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Food and Agricultural Code, § 11791, subd. (b) – Operate in faulty, careless or negligent manner)

81. Complainant incorporates each and every paragraph above by reference, as though fully set forth herein. Respondent Mark R. Trinkle Jr.'s JPC No. 127490 is subject to discipline under section 11910 and section 11791, subd. (b) because on January 16, 2024, Respondent Mark R. Trinkle Jr. (JPC No. 127490) conducted an aerial pesticide application of Simplicity CA and ET Herbicide at Philip Verway Farms in Kings County, in a faulty, careless or negligent manner. The facts and circumstances are described with particularity in the paragraphs above (Kings County).

TWENTIETH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(2 violations of Food and Agricultural Code, § 12973 – Conflict with the label)

82. Complainant incorporates each and every paragraph above by reference, as though fully set forth herein. Respondent Mark R. Trinkle Jr.'s JPC No. 127490 is subject to discipline under section 11910 and section 12973, because on January 16, 2024, Respondent Mark R. Trinkle Jr. (JPC No. 127490) conducted an aerial pesticide application of Simplicity CA and ET Herbicide at Philip Verway Farms in Kings County in violation of the registered labels for those products, both in the mix/load and application phases of the application. The facts and circumstances are described with particularity in the paragraphs above (Kings County).

TWENTY-FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(3 CCR § 6600, subd. (b) – General standards of care)

83. Complainant incorporates each and every paragraph above by reference, as though fully set forth herein. Respondent Mark R. Trinkle Jr.'s JPC No. 127490 is subject to discipline under section 11910 and 3 CCR § 6600, subd. (b) because on January 16, 2024, Respondent Mark R. Trinkle Jr. (JPC No. 127490) conducted an aerial pesticide application of Simplicity CA and ET Herbicide at Philip Verway Farms in Kings County and failed to do so in a careful and effective manner. The facts and circumstances are described with particularity in the paragraphs

above (Kings County).

TWENTY-SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(2 violations of 3 CCR § 6738, subd. (a) – Personal protective equipment)

84. Complainant incorporates each and every paragraph above by reference, as though fully set forth herein. Respondent Mark R. Trinkle Jr.'s JPC No. 127490 is subject to discipline under section 11910 and 3 CCR § 6738, subd. (a) because on January 16, 2024, Respondent Mark R. Trinkle Jr. (JPC No. 127490) conducted an aerial pesticide application of Simplicity CA and ET Herbicide at Philip Verway Farms in Kings County and did not provide all of the personal protective equipment required by the product's labeling, regulation and/or restricted material permit condition during both the mix/load and application phases of the application. The facts and circumstances are described with particularity in the paragraphs above (Kings County).

TWENTY-THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Food and Agricultural Code, § 11791, subd. (b) - Operate in a faulty, careless or negligent manner)

85. Complainant incorporates each and every paragraph above by reference, as though fully set forth herein. Respondent Mark R. Trinkle Jr.'s JPC No. 127490 is subject to discipline under sections 11910 and 11791, subd. (b) because on February 13, 2024, Respondent Mark R. Trinkle Jr made an aerial application of the herbicides Shark EW and Envy Six Max at Conway Hay Sales in Visalia in Tulare County in a faulty, careless or negligent manner. The facts and circumstances are described with particularity in the paragraphs above (Tulare County).

TWENTY-FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Food and Agricultural Code, § 12972 – Substantial drift)

86. Complainant incorporates each and every paragraph above by reference, as though fully set forth herein. Respondent Mark R. Trinkle Jr.'s JPC No. 127490 is subject to discipline under sections 11910 and 12972, because on February 13, 2024, Respondent Mark R. Trinkle Jr. made an aerial application of the herbicides Shark EW and Envy Six Max at Conway Hay Sales in Visalia in Tulare County and used a pesticide in a manner that did not prevent substantial drift to nontarget areas. The facts and circumstances are described with particularity in the paragraphs

above (Tulare County).

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TWENTY-FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(2 violations of Food and Agricultural Code, § 12793 – Conflict with the label)

87. Complainant incorporates each and every paragraph above by reference, as though fully set forth herein. Respondent Mark R. Trinkle Jr.'s JPC No. 127490 is subject to discipline under sections 11910 and 12973, because on February 13, 2024, Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. made an aerial application of the herbicides Shark EW and Envy Six Max at Conway Hay Sales in Visalia in Tulare County in conflict with the registered labels for both pesticides. The facts and circumstances are described with particularity in the paragraphs above (Tulare County).

TWENTY-SIXTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(3 CCR § 6600, subd. (b) – General standards of care)

88. Complainant incorporates each and every paragraph above by reference, as though fully set forth herein. Respondent Mark R. Trinkle Jr.'s JPC No. 127490 is subject to discipline under section 11910 and 3 CCR § 6600, subd. (b) because on February 13, 2024, Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. made an aerial application of the herbicides Shark EW and Envy Six Max at Conway Hay Sales in Visalia in Tulare County in a manner that was not careful and effective, causing damage to nontarget property. The facts and circumstances are described with particularity in the paragraphs above (Tulare County).

TWENTY-SEVENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(3 CCR § 6614, subd. (b)(2) – Protection of person, animals and property)

89. Complainant incorporates each and every paragraph above by reference, as though fully set forth herein. Respondent Mark R. Trinkle Jr.'s JPC No. 127490 is subject to discipline under section 11910 and 3 CCR § 6614, subd. (b)(2) because on February 13, 2024, Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. made an aerial application of the herbicides Shark EW and Envy Six Max at Conway Hay Sales in Visalia in Tulare County where there was a reasonable possibility of damage to nontarget crops, animals or other public or private property. The facts and circumstances are described with particularity in the paragraphs above (Tulare County).

CAUSE FOR CIVIL PENALTIES:

AS TO ALL RESPONDENTS

FIRST CAUSE FOR CIVIL PENALTIES

(Food and Agricultural Code, § 12999.6 and § 11791, subd. (b) – Operate in a faulty, careless, or negligent manner)

- 90. Complainant incorporates each and every paragraph above by reference, as though fully set forth herein. Section 12999.6, subd. (b) provides that "[i]n lieu of a civil penalty levied by the agricultural commissioner, the director may levy a civil penalty of not more than twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) for each violation described in subdivision (c)." Section 12999.6, subd. (c)(1) provides that: "The director may initiate and maintain an enforcement action for a violation of a statute or implementing regulation described in Section 12999.5 meeting any of the following conditions: (1) Where the county agricultural commissioner and director agree that enforcement by the department is appropriate." Section 11791, subd. (b) is a statute described in Section 12999.5, under Division 6 of the Food and Agricultural Code. Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. (PCM No. 46006) is subject to civil penalties under section 12999.6 and section 11791, subd. (b) because on February 13, 2024, Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. conducted an aerial application of the herbicides Shark EW and Envy Six Max at Conway Hay Sales in Visalia in Tulare County in a faulty, careless or negligent manner. The facts and circumstances are described with particularity in the paragraphs above (Tulare County).
- 91. This violation caused a hazard to property. The Respondents have history of violations under the Food and Agricultural Code and its implementing regulations as they relate to pesticide use, handling and storage. Under section 12999.6, imposing a penalty of \$5,000 for this violation is necessary to ensure the protection of human health and safety and to deter future violations.

SECOND CAUSE FOR CIVIL PENALTIES

(Food and Agricultural Code, § 12999.6 and § 12792 – Substantial drift)

92. Complainant incorporates each and every paragraph above by reference, as though fully set forth herein. Section 12999.6, subd. (b) provides that "[i]n lieu of a civil penalty levied

by the agricultural commissioner, the director may levy a civil penalty of not more than twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) for each violation described in subdivision (c)." Section 12999.6, subd. (c)(1) provides that: "The director may initiate and maintain an enforcement action for a violation of a statute or implementing regulation described in Section 12999.5 meeting any of the following conditions: (1) Where the county agricultural commissioner and director agree that enforcement by the department is appropriate." Section 12972 is a statute described in section 12999.5, under Article 10 of the Food and Agricultural Code. Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. (PCM No. 46006) is subject to civil penalties under section 12999.6 and section 12972, because on February 13, 2024, Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. conducted an aerial application of the herbicides Shark EW and Envy Six Max at Conway Hay Sales in Visalia in Tulare County, in a manner that did not prevent substantial drift to nontarget areas. The facts and circumstances are described with particularity in the paragraphs above (Tulare County).

93. This violation caused a hazard to property. The Respondents have history of violations under the Food and Agricultural Code and its implementing regulations as they relate to pesticide use, handling and storage. Under section 12999.6, imposing a penalty of \$5,000 for this violation is necessary to ensure the protection of human health and safety and to deter future violations.

THIRD CAUSE FOR CIVIL PENALTIES

(Food and Agricultural Code, § 12999.6 and § 12973 – Conflict with the label)

94. Complainant incorporates each and every paragraph above by reference, as though fully set forth herein. Section 12999.6, subd. (b) provides that "[i]n lieu of a civil penalty levied by the agricultural commissioner, the director may levy a civil penalty of not more than twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) for each violation described in subdivision (c)." Section 12999.6, subd. (c)(1) provides that: "The director may initiate and maintain an enforcement action for a violation of a statute or implementing regulation described in Section 12999.5 meeting any of the following conditions: (1) Where the county agricultural commissioner and director agree that enforcement by the department is appropriate." As a statute under Article 10 of the Food and Agricultural Code, Section 12973 is described in section 12999.5. Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying,

Inc. (PCM No. 46006) is subject to civil penalties under section 12999.6 and section 12973 because on February 13, 2024, Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. conducted an aerial application of the herbicides Shark EW and Envy Six Max at Conway Hay Sales in Visalia in Tulare County, in conflict with the registered labels for both pesticide products. The facts and circumstances are described with particularity in the paragraphs above (Tulare County).

95. This violation caused a hazard to property. The Respondents have history of violations under the Food and Agricultural Code and its implementing regulations as they relate to pesticide use, handling and storage. Under section 12999.6, imposing a penalty of \$5,000 per violation, for a \$10,000 total civil penalty for these two violations, is necessary to ensure the protection of human health and safety and to deter future violations.

FOURTH CAUSE FOR CIVIL PENALTIES

(Food and Agricultural Code, § 12999.6; 3 CCR § 6600 – General standards of care)

- 96. Complainant incorporates each and every paragraph above by reference, as though fully set forth herein. Section 12999.6, subd. (b) provides that "[i]n lieu of a civil penalty levied by the agricultural commissioner, the director may levy a civil penalty of not more than twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) for each violation described in subdivision (c)." Section 12999.6, subd (c)(1) provides that: "The director may initiate and maintain an enforcement action for a violation of a statute or implementing regulation described in Section 12999.5 meeting any of the following conditions: (1) Where the county agricultural commissioner and director agree that enforcement by the department is appropriate."
- 97. As a regulation adopted pursuant to provisions identified in section 12999.5, 3

 CCR § 6600 is an implementing regulation described in section 12999.5 that implements Division 6 of the Food and Agricultural Code. Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc (PCM No. 46006) is subject to civil penalties under section 12999.6 and 3 CCR § 6600 because on February 13, 2024, Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. conducted an aerial application of the herbicides Shark EW and Envy Six Max at Conway Hay Sales in Visalia in Tulare County, and failed to do so in a careful and effective manner. The facts and circumstances are described with particularity in the paragraphs above (Tulare County).

98. This violation caused a hazard to property. The Respondents have history of violations under the Food and Agricultural Code and its implementing regulations as they relate to pesticide use, handling and storage. Under section 12999.6, imposing a penalty of \$5,000 for this violation is necessary to ensure the protection of human health and safety and to deter future violations.

FIFTH CAUSE FOR CIVIL PENALTIES

(Food and Agricultural Code, § 12999.6; 3 CCR § 6614, subd. (b)(2) – Protection of persons, property and animals)

- 99. Complainant incorporates each and every paragraph above by reference, as though fully set forth herein. Section 12999.6, subd. (b) provides that "[i]n lieu of a civil penalty levied by the agricultural commissioner, the director may levy a civil penalty of not more than twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) for each violation described in subdivision (c)." Section 12999.6, subd. (c)(1) provides that: "The director may initiate and maintain an enforcement action for a violation of a statute or implementing regulation described in Section 12999.5 meeting any of the following conditions: (1) Where the county agricultural commissioner and director agree that enforcement by the department is appropriate."
- 100. 3 CCR § 6614, subd. (b)(2) is a regulation described in section 12999.5, as it was adopted pursuant to Articles 10 and 10.5 of Division 7 and implements Division 6 of the Food and Agricultural Code. Respondent Trinkle Ag. Flying Inc. (PCM No. 46006) is subject to civil penalties under section 12999.6 and 3 CCR § 6614, subd. (b)(2) because on February 13, 2024, Respondent Trinkle Ag Flying, Inc. made or continued an aerial application of the herbicides Shark EW and Envy Six Max at Conway Hay Sales in Visalia in Tulare County, when there was a reasonable possibility of damage to nontarget crops, animals or other private property. The facts and circumstances are described with particularity in the paragraphs above (Tulare County).
- 101. This violation caused a hazard to property. The Respondents have history of violations under the Food and Agricultural Code and its implementing regulations as they relate to pesticide use, handling and storage. Under section 12999.6, imposing a penalty of \$5,000 for this violation is necessary to ensure the protection of human health and safety and to deter future

1	violations.			
2	PRAYER			
3	WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged, and			
4	that following the hearing, the Director of the Department of Pesticide Regulation issue a			
5	decision:			
6	1. Revoking or suspending TRINKLE AG FLYING, INC.'s Pest Control Business -	Revoking or suspending TRINKLE AG FLYING, INC.'s Pest Control Business –		
7	Main License No. 46006;			
8	2. Revoking or suspending MARK R. TRINKLE, JR.'s Qualified Applicator			
9	License, License No. 136441;			
10	3. Revoking or suspending MARK R. TRINKLE, JR.'s Journeyman Pilot License,	. Revoking or suspending MARK R. TRINKLE, JR.'s Journeyman Pilot License,		
11	License No. 38638;			
12	4. Imposing a \$30,000 fine pursuant to section 12999.6; and			
13	5. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.			
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16	Dated: November 14, 2025 Ken Everett			
17	Dated. November <u>11</u> , 2023 Reli Everett			
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19	Ken Everett			
20	Deputy Director, Pesticide Programs Division, Enforcement			
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